

CI 0001 Page 1 of 4

OLEUM

1. Identification .			
Substance Identification	: Fuming Sulphuric Acid		
Company Address	: CHEMICAL INITIATIVES (Pty) Limited, Private Bag		
Constitution of the consti	X137, Bryanston, Gauteng, 2025		
Emergency Telephone Number	: (011) 608-3300 or Toll free 0800-1144455		
2. Composition and Ingredients :			
COMPONENT	CONCENTRATION		
Sulphuric Acid	: 103 - 106%		
Free Sulphur Trioxide	: 20 to 40%		
3. Hazards :			
May cause corrosion to skin, eyes and respiratory tr			
Inhalation of fumes at high concentration may be fa			
May react with organic compounds to cause fire an	d explosion.		
4. First Aid :			
Specific Immediate Treatment			
Inhalation	: Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at		
	rest. Obtain immediate medical attention.		
Skin Contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with		
	water. Obtain immediate medical attention.		
Eye Contact	: Immediately irrigate with clean water, holding eyelids		
	apart, for at least 20 minutes. Obtain immediate		
	medical attention.		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water and give 200-300ml (half		
	a pint) of water to drink. Do not induce		
	vomiting. Obtain immediate medical attention.		
Further Professional Medical Assistance	: Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as		
Tuttler Froiessional Medical Assistance	indicated.		
	Following severe exposure, the patient should be		
	kept under medical review for at least 24 hours as		
	delayed lung oedema may develop.		
5. Fire fighting :			
FLASH POINT: - AUTOIGNITION TEMP:	LEL: UEL:		
Non-flammable.			
May cause reaction that could cause and assist fire and explosion.			
Requirements for fire fighting			
Extinguishing Media	: CO ₂ , Dry powder and water carefully.		
Combustion Products	: Toxic fumes of the oxides of sulphur.		



CI 0001 Page 2 of 4

OLEUM

6. Accidental Release :			
Personal Protection Environmental Precaution Methods for claning up		As a minimum, use chemical -resistant gloves, eye/face and breathing protection. Downwind evacuation may be necessary. Contain spillages by damming or construction of barriers. Neutralise with alkali (eg. soda ash). If possible absorb with earth or non-organic absorbent material then shovel or pump into dry well-labelled containers for disposal or recovery. Wash spillage area with large amounts of water.	
7. Handling and Storage :			
Handling Storage	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath fumes. Provide adequate ventilation. Store in stainless steel or glass, in well ventilated area, away from sunlight and moisture. Keep away from strong bases and organic compounds.	
8. Exposure and Personal Protection:			
TLV-TWA: 1mg/m³ (as sulphuric acid) TLV-STEL: 3mg/m³ (as sulphuric acid) (ACGIH 92 to 93) As a minimum use chemical-resistant gloves, apron, eye protection and breathing protection.			
9. Physical and Chemical Properties :			
Appearance Odour Boiling Point Freezing Point Density (g/ml) Solubility (water)	: : : : :	Colourless to cloudy viscous liquid. Choking fumes 100 to 140 °C -9 to 30 °C 1,8 at 20 °C 0,001 at 20 °C	
10. Stability and Reactivity:			
Hazardous reaction Decomposition/combustion products	:	May react violently if in contact with strong bases, water, organic compounds and base metals. The oxides of sulphur and hydrogen when in reaction with metals.	



CI 0001 Page 3 of 4

OLEUM

11. Toxicology :			
Inhalation Skin Contact Eye contact Ingestion Long Term Exposure	 : May cause corrosion, pain, vomiting, burns to the mouth and throat and perforation of the oesophagus. Inhalation of the fumes may cause fluid build up on the lung (pulmonary oedema) up to 24 hours after exposure, which could prove fatal. : May cause severe and third degree burns. : May cause corrosion and permanent damage if eye is not immediately irrigated. : No effects except those secondary to tissue damage. : Prolonged/repeated contact may cause redness, cracking and dermatitis of the skin. 		
12. Ecology :	1 1		
Users should ensure that they comply with local, provincial and national environmental legislation. Environmental fate and mobility: May be very dangerous if allowed to enter drinking water intakes. Persistence, degradation, bio-accumulation: Fish toxcity critical conc. = 10mg/l (7,34mg/l/48 hrs- Lymnaea Palustris 0-100% mortality). Effect on effluent treatment: Harmful to aquatic life in low concentrations.			
13. Disposal :			
Disposal should be in accordance with relevant legislation. Do not dispose of waste into the sewer system.			
14. Transport :			
Hazchem Code : UN No. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	4WE 1831 8 (9.2) I Sulphuric Acid (fuming)		
15. Regulations :			
Users should ensure that they comply with relevant legislation.			
Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/ECC			
C : R14 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Corrosive Reacts violently with water Causes severe burns Irritating to respiratory system. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Never add water to this product.		



CI 0001 Page 4 of 4

OLEUM

16. Other:

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